



**Certificate on fulfillment of clinical practice in  
PAEDIATRICS**

<b>A.</b>	<b>Personal data of the student</b>
<b>Surname:</b>	<b>First name:</b>
<b>Email address:</b>	<b>EHA code:</b> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <b>.PTE</b>
<b>Mailing address:</b>	<b>Phone number:</b>

<b>B.</b>	<b>Practice details (to be completed by the host institution)</b>
<b>Name of Hospital /Clinic (Department):</b>	
<b>Address:</b>	
<b>Period of practice (from/until):</b>	
<b>Hours completed totally:</b>	<b>Supervisor's name:</b>
<b>Supervisor's position:</b>	<b>Email:</b>
<b>Telephone number:</b>	<b>Fax:</b>
<b><u>The course description of the Paediatrics:</u></b> The duration of the practice is at least 5 weeks and at least 180 hours. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Points in and significance of the prenatal and paediatric anamnesis; taking the anamnesis</li><li>• Evaluation of the psychosomatic development of the infant; recognition of the normal and abnormal variations</li><li>• Practical questions regarding the growth- and weight-retarded infant and child</li><li>• Planning diets for infants</li><li>• Abnormal growth in childhood; use of growth charts</li><li>• Child with developmental delay, differential diagnosis at a basic level</li><li>• Diagnosis and differential diagnosis of fever in infancy and childhood</li><li>• Symptomatology of the most common viral and bacterial infections (in general)</li><li>• Use of antibiotics in infants and children</li><li>• Prevention of infectious diseases. Principles and practice of vaccinations</li><li>• Symptomatic treatment in infants and children (fever reducers and painkillers, anticonvulsants, mucolytics, medications affecting respiration and circulation)</li><li>• Differential diagnosis of pulmonary illnesses in children (bronchiolitis, acute laryngitis, pneumonia, foreign body in the airways)</li><li>• Symptoms and signs of urinary tract diseases (acute nephritis, nephrotic syndrome, urinary tract infections, urinary tract malformations)</li><li>• Differential diagnosis of enuresis</li><li>• Differential diagnosis of hypertension</li><li>• Symptoms and treatment of cardiac decompensation</li><li>• Anaemia in infancy and childhood; differential diagnosis in practice</li><li>• Examination and differential diagnosis of rash, petechiae, purpurae, and suffusions</li><li>• The most common endocrine diseases in childhood: symptomatology, early diagnosis</li><li>• Diabetes mellitus in childhood</li><li>• Hepatomegaly and splenomegaly: causes, diagnosis and differential diagnosis</li><li>• Symptomatology of childhood malignancy</li></ul>	

To be sent/handed in to the Registrar's Office after A-B-C sections are COMPLETED TOTALLY before the practice begins!

Address: HUNGARY - 7624 Pécs - Szigeti út 12.



Burns: acute management, indications for hospital admittance; prevention

Exogenous intoxication in childhood: incidence, causes, role of the age and environment; symptoms, diagnosis, principles of the treatment

- Most common acute surgical diseases in childhood: symptomatology (with special regards to acute appendicitis, intussusception and ileus)
- Most common ENT diseases in childhood: symptoms, diagnosis, therapy
- Differential diagnosis of vomiting in infancy and childhood
- Differential diagnosis of acute and chronic diarrhea, bloody stool and constipation in infancy and childhood
- Abdominal pain in childhood. Diagnostic tests and differential diagnosis
- Seizures in infancy and childhood
- The unconscious child. Differential diagnosis
- Monitoring of children in critical condition
- Dehydration: causes and differential diagnosis. Theory and practice of fluid therapy. Disorders of sodium / potassium and acid /base regulation and their treatment
- Shock: types, symptoms, differential diagnosis
- Usefulness of ultrasound diagnostics in infants and children
- Imaging examinations (X-ray, CT, MRI) in infants and children. Which to use when?
- Laboratory tests to be used in infant and child infections (chemical and microbiological). Which to use when?

I acknowledge that the student completed the practice according to the requirements mentioned above.

I acknowledge that the student completed the practice according to the requirements mentioned above except the following:

Supervisor's signature:

Date / Stamp:

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